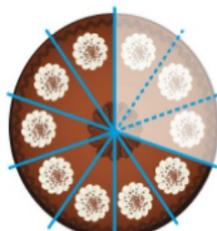


## Let's Learn

a Izzy takes  $\frac{3}{10}$  of a chocolate cake and  $\frac{5}{10}$  of a similar fruit cake.

Student's Book p. 208



Chocolate  
cake



Fruit  
cake

Student's Book p. 209

Compare the fractions.

$\frac{3}{10}$  is **smaller than**  $\frac{5}{10}$ .

So  $\frac{3}{10} < \frac{5}{10}$ .

$\frac{5}{10}$  is **greater than**  $\frac{3}{10}$ .

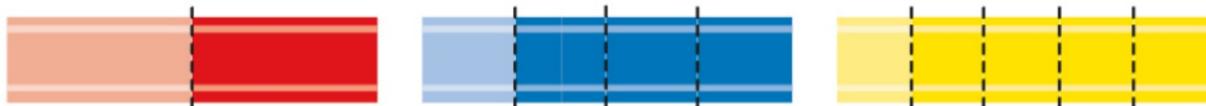
So  $\frac{5}{10} > \frac{3}{10}$ .

When we compare fractions with the **same denominator**, the **smaller fraction is the one with the smaller numerator**.



## Student's Book p. 209

b Caz uses  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a red ribbon,  $\frac{1}{4}$  of a similar blue ribbon and  $\frac{1}{5}$  of a similar yellow ribbon.



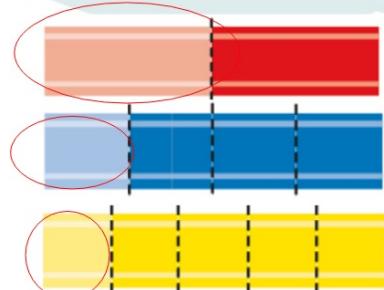
$\frac{1}{2}$  is greater than  $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
 $2 < 4$

$\frac{1}{2}$  is greater than  $\frac{1}{5}$ .  
 $2 < 5$

$\frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{4}$  and  $\frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{5}$ .

So  $\frac{1}{2}$  is the greatest.

When we compare fractions with the same numerator, the greatest fraction is the one with the smallest denominator.



## Student's Book p. 209

$\frac{1}{4}$  is smaller than  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  $\frac{1}{5}$  is smaller than  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

$$\frac{1}{4} < \frac{1}{2} \text{ and } \frac{1}{5} < \frac{1}{4}.$$

So  $\frac{1}{5}$  is the smallest.

Order  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$  and  $\frac{1}{5}$  from the smallest to the greatest.