



**ROSARY SCHOOL**  
Marj Elhamam

## Rosary School \ Marj Elhamam

Name : \_\_\_\_\_

Subject: study sheet

Date :     / 10   / 2025

Grade : 6 (     )

### Squares and Cubes

#### Squares, Cubes, Square Roots & Cube Roots

##### ❖ Squares

A square number is the result of multiplying a number by itself.

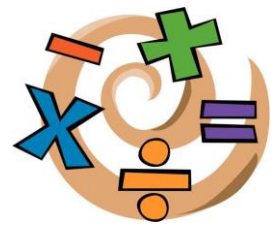
Examples:

$3 \times 3 = 9 \rightarrow 9$  is a square number.

$6 \times 6 = 36 \rightarrow 36$  is a square number.

Common Squares:

$1^2=1$ ,  $2^2=4$ ,  $3^2=9$ ,  $4^2=16$ ,  $5^2=25$ ,  $6^2=36$ ,  $7^2=49$ ,  $8^2=64$ ,  $9^2=81$ ,  $10^2=100$



##### ❖ Cubes

A cube number is the result of multiplying a number by itself three times.

Examples:

$2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8 \rightarrow 8$  is a cube number.

$3 \times 3 \times 3 = 27 \rightarrow 27$  is a cube number.

Common Cubes:

$1^3=1$ ,  $2^3=8$ ,  $3^3=27$ ,  $4^3=64$ ,  $5^3=125$ ,  $6^3=216$ ,  $7^3=343$ ,  $8^3=512$

### ❖ Square Roots ( $\sqrt{\quad}$ )

The square root of a number is a value that, when multiplied by itself, gives the number.

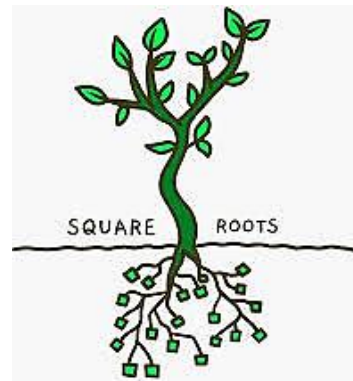
Examples:

$$\sqrt{9} = 3 \text{ because } 3 \times 3 = 9$$

$$\sqrt{25} = 5 \text{ because } 5 \times 5 = 25$$

Common Square Roots:

$$\sqrt{1}=1, \sqrt{4}=2, \sqrt{9}=3, \sqrt{16}=4, \sqrt{25}=5, \sqrt{36}=6, \sqrt{49}=7, \sqrt{64}=8, \sqrt{81}=9, \sqrt{100}=10$$



### ❖ Cube Roots ( $\sqrt[3]{\quad}$ )

The cube root of a number is a value that, when multiplied by itself three times, gives that number.

Examples:

$$\sqrt[3]{8} = 2 \text{ because } 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$$

$$\sqrt[3]{27} = 3 \text{ because } 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 27$$

Common Cube Roots:

$$\sqrt[3]{1}=1, \sqrt[3]{8}=2, \sqrt[3]{27}=3, \sqrt[3]{64}=4, \sqrt[3]{125}=5, \sqrt[3]{216}=6, \sqrt[3]{343}=7$$

